

# TANEY COUNTY REPUBLICAN

Keep Your Eye on Taney—She's All Right! Her Skies are Clear and Full of Cheer, and all her Prospects Bright.

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\$1 a Year in Advance.

TANEY COUNTY REPUBLICAN  
BY W. H. AND R. B. PRICE.

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handle. Whether you want to go into  
fruit or stock-raising, or intend to con-  
fine your attention to plain farming, I  
can suit you. I place my own teams at  
the disposal of homeseekers, and show  
farms, without livery charges, to pur-  
chasers. Correspondence solicited.

C. C. Blansit, Walnut Shade, Taney Co. Mo.

Soldier Barks Death Plot.

It seemed to J. A. Stone, a civil  
war veteran, of Kemp, Tex., that a  
plot existed between a desperate lung  
trouble and the grave to cause his  
death. "I contracted a stubborn  
cold," he writes, "that developed a  
cough that stuck to me, in spite of all  
remedies, for years. My weight ran  
down to 130 pounds. Then I began  
to use Dr. King's New Discovery,  
which restored my health completely.  
I now weigh 178 pounds." For severe  
colds, obstinate coughs, hemorrhages,  
asthma, and to prevent pneumonia it's  
unrivaled, 50c and \$1.00. Trial bot-  
tle free. Guaranteed by O. C. Hus-  
ton.

Buy Arbuckles coffee at 15 cents a  
pound, of Nance & Wolf, Kissees Mills.

## WHITE RIVER POWER DEVELOPMENT

How Dams Improve Navigation of Mountain  
Streams—Other Benefits to Accrue.

### CONGRESS UNANIMOUS

Taft Said to Favor Power De-  
velopment in the Ozarks.

The Republican is in receipt of a  
letter from General W. H. Standish in  
which is detailed his recent correspond-  
ence with the chief of engineers of the  
war department, which will prove in-  
structive to its readers, and may inci-  
dentally remove some misapprehensions  
in regard to the effect of the proposed  
use of White river for the development  
of power. The correspondence is con-  
densed as much as possible without ob-  
scuring its clearness.

General Standish addressed two let-  
ters to General Marshall, chief of engi-  
neers of the war department, the first  
bearing date December 14, 1908, and  
the second January 9, 1909, in which  
he asked these questions:

"Where the war department builds  
timber dams above steamboat naviga-  
tion does it usually construct them with  
or without locks?"

"Please explain how these timber  
dams benefit in getting logs and timber  
rafts over bad places in the river.

"I am informed by an experienced  
lumberman that a properly constructed  
sluice at a dam will carry a raft over  
better than it can be done at Batesville,  
Arkansas; because at the locks the raft,  
if large, will have to be cut in pieces  
and the pieces taken singly through  
each lock, and then re-raftered, while the  
whole raft could go over a properly con-  
structed sluiceway intact and then pro-  
ceed on its way down the river. I  
should like to know the views of your  
department on this question."

To these questions the chief of en-  
gineers returned answers of which we  
give the gist in a somewhat condensed  
form hereunder:

"One of the timber dams referred to  
(The Sandy Lake) was constructed with  
a lock.

"If the interests of navigation require  
a lock in connection with a timber dam  
it would be recommended; otherwise  
probably not, action depending on the  
necessities of the locality.

"Dams are of assistance for logging  
purposes, either by backing up the  
water above them, affording greater  
depth over the shallows, or by storing  
water which may be released as required  
to increase the depth on the shallows  
below.

"Four of the dams referred to above  
are provided with a log sluice, eleven  
feet wide in one case and twelve feet  
wide in the other three. The only in-  
formation found in the reports concern-  
ing the rate at which logs may be passed  
through these sluices is that about  
35,000,000 B. M. went through the  
Pokagama dam in thirteen days.

"A sluice to carry rafts must have a  
gentle slope and requires a large amount  
of water, but if large enough and prop-  
erly constructed would be preferable to  
a lock."

Following this correspondence we  
give hereunder facts, figures and com-  
ment by General Standish, and com-  
mend them to the candid consideration  
of all readers of the Republican, wheth-  
er they are in favor of or opposed to the  
Standish, or any other power develop-  
ment proposition:

1. A dam and reservoir at the Wheel-  
er bend a mile and a half above Forsyth  
would give slack water at all times back  
to Branson, where cargoes could be  
loaded directly from the river to the  
cars, and from cars to barges on the  
river. That would give the region  
tributary to Forsyth almost the benefits  
of a steam railroad to Forsyth. And

besides the citizens of these two towns  
and officers of Taney county certify that  
since railroad communication was estab-  
lished at Branson no raft has passed  
down White river by Wheeler's bend,  
and the freight table of the White River  
railway shows the freight rates between  
Cotter and Kansas City one-third larger  
than they are between Branson and  
Kansas City, and all freight, lumber,  
ties and logs above Wheeler's bend  
could be taken much more easily on  
this slack water navigation from above  
the bend and placed on cars at Branson  
than they could be taken down the river  
to Cotter and placed on cars there.

There would therefore need be no lock  
for steamboats or sluice for timber rafts  
at this point. Skiffs could be taken  
care of by a sluice, or by an electrical  
arrangement to take them over, the  
ridge and place them in the outlet of  
the passageway below the power house  
near where the road passes that goes to  
Forsyth, whence the outlet water from  
the power dam would pass them down  
the river to Cotter.

2. The reservoir from the Wheeler  
bend to Branson would be 16 miles  
long and from a fourth to a third of a  
mile wide, which would give from four  
to five sections, or from 2,500 to 3,000  
acres, of pondage. This would arrest  
the flood waters from above until the  
reservoir would be full, and during a  
low water stage the water could be let  
out to increase the flowage below, and  
during the low water stage, during 14  
hours of the day, nearly all the incom-  
ing water could be shut in, and that  
would double the flowage below during  
the next day, in addition to what would  
be drawn from the flood reserve in the  
reservoir; thus such reservoir would aid  
skiffs in getting below and aid the tak-  
ing of ties and cedar posts down to Cot-  
ter, and furnish the same benefits from  
Cotter to Batesville. It would also ben-  
efit boat service over the three Bates-  
ville dams the same as it would benefit  
boat service in the Wheeler bend, and  
from there on it would help general  
navigation clear to the Gulf. To a  
small extent it would reduce floods in  
the White river valley in Arkansas,  
where now there are 610,000 acres of  
land flooded by high water in the White  
river basin, as shown by a Senate report,  
No. 1433, 55th Congress, 3rd session,  
page 2, in which it says the floods in  
the valley cover 956 square miles. The  
starting of the reservoir at Wheeler's  
bend would cause the building of other  
reservoirs above there on different tribu-  
taries and on tributaries below, which  
would reduce floods below, and improve  
navigation there.

3. These five reservoirs in Minnesota  
are built on different tributaries of the  
Mississippi. Logs go through these  
reservoirs down their tributaries to the  
Mississippi, and so reach Minneapolis  
and other points.

It will be noticed that a sluice 12  
feet wide carried through in 13 days  
35,000,000 B. M., which would be  
equivalent to 2333 car loads of sawed  
lumber, each car to be of 60,000 capac-  
ity, which would be approximately 23  
times as much as all the ties and cedar  
posts, or other material, floated into  
Cotter since railroad communication  
was opened at Branson. If this amount  
of logs had been in a raft, or series of  
rafts, it would have taken many months  
to pass them through one of the Bates-  
ville locks, and a great deal of expense  
entailed in cutting the raft or rafts to  
pieces and holding the parts together  
in a boom until they could be re-raftered;  
so there will never be any occasion for  
a lock at the Wheeler bend for the float-  
ing of logs in case a power plant shall  
be established there. It is now 300  
miles by river above the Batesville dam

to Wheeler's bend, and the Batesville  
dams are the head of navigation. It  
has already been determined by con-  
gress that it is not practicable to have  
steamboat navigation on White river  
above the Batesville dams except as the  
river shall be improved by locks and  
dams, and these will never, probably,  
reach Wheeler's bend. The Missouri  
people do not ask for locks and dams  
on White river in Missouri, and never  
have, because they do not deem them  
practical, and this bend is more than  
100 miles by river above where the  
White finally leaves Missouri. It will  
be time to call for a lock when there  
shall be a local demand for one.

4. The chief of engineers' report, in  
the James River Bill case, states there  
is a disposition now to hold all streams  
navigable to their very sources; and the  
judiciary committee's report, No. 1514  
of the 60th congress, shows this is now  
established law.

The White river, Missouri, in point  
of law, is just as much navigable oppo-  
site Rogers and Eureka Springs, Ark.,  
as the James river is where it was sought  
to have a tunnel to create a 40-foot fall.  
Both rivers, during a flood, will float  
ties, and the government has a right to  
go to their source to build reservoirs,  
and therefore, it is claimed, can con-  
trol the stream above where ties can be  
floated down. So that everyone, to be  
safe, must have a dam permit from the  
government.

5. It is conceded by the conserva-  
tion commission, and, we believe, by  
all engineers, that water power develop-  
ment benefits navigation below. Em-  
phasis is made at this time, by the  
president and others, of our great flood  
damage, not only to private property  
but by the filling up of the channels of  
rivers; and that the system on which  
money has been expended, largely with-  
out reservoirs, has been of little ben-  
efit, and that our river commerce con-  
ditions are worse than they were 50 years  
ago, although about one-third of a bil-  
lion dollars has been expended in this  
time. Hence this contemplated water-  
power improvement should be encour-  
aged.

6. The legislature of Missouri has pe-  
titioned that both the James and White  
rivers be turned over to electric power  
uses. So have the people of that re-  
gion, and they should fully understand  
the necessities of the locality.

### PREARRANGED.

He pulled out the map and  
showed her the route of their pros-  
pective elopement.

"And where is the place you have  
marked with a white star?" she  
asked innocently.

"That is Cleveland. There we  
write home for forgiveness."

"And the red star, George?"

"Niagara Falls. There we write  
home for money to get back with."

Which shows that he was a far-  
seeing young man.

### WOMEN DAIRY INSPECTORS.

The last office to be created for  
women in New Zealand is that of  
dairy inspector. There are now  
540,000 dairy cows in New Zealand,  
producing more than 52,000,000  
pounds of butter a year, besides 500  
private dairies and 89 cheese fac-  
tories. The department of agricul-  
ture appointed women inspectors to  
visit the dairies and factories and  
give instruction and advice to the  
wives and daughters of the dairy-  
men.

### NEW D. O. C. NATIONAL WORK.

The next work of the National  
Society of the Daughters of the Con-  
federacy will be the erection of a  
monument to confederate soldiers  
in the national cemetery at Arling-  
ton. Societies all through the coun-  
try are making contributions for  
this work.

### IN THE HOME NEST

Cheerful Evening Reveries for Tired  
Mothers

#### THE IDEAL HOME.

(Written for this department by  
request and on condition we omit  
names. Out of six requests sent  
out four of our ladies readers have  
responded as follows:)

My ideal home, is not neces-  
sarily adorned with the trappings  
of wealth; neither must it be sad-  
dened by pinching poverty. A  
competence there must be; which,  
with industry and thrift, will pre-  
serve its inmates from painful  
anxieties.

In this home the husband is the  
bread winner, the wife the home  
maker, and together they reign as  
king and queen over the little  
realm. The children, for there are  
children in my ideal home, are  
loyal and obedient subjects, every  
one; and it never occurs to them  
to question the divine right of  
their king and queen to rule.

Order and system prevail; but  
love and self-sacrifice for love's  
sake, animates all hearts within  
this home, and to be good and do  
good is their constant rule of con-  
duct. Health, smiling goddess,  
stands at its portal and scatters  
happiness and prosperity with  
lavish hands. The table is not  
only the place where nature's re-  
curring wants are daily supplied,  
but a school of manners; yet there  
harmless mirth disports itself un-  
restrained, and thought unfettered  
flows. Books there are in abun-  
dant, bringing the culture of all  
countries and all ages within reach  
of this charmed circle. Flowers  
bloom in the window, and smile  
at you from the garden paths with  
their suggestions of beauty and re-  
finement. Yet, whatever else may  
be there, the guests who frequent  
this house are its choicest, most  
valued ornaments.

The head of my "ideal home"  
is a father possessing firmness of  
character without being a tyrant.  
He gives the best that he is, so-  
cially and mentally, to his family.  
The mother is patient, kind and  
courageous, the children obedient.  
This home is not the home of  
poverty. Order and system pre-  
vail in every department. The  
radiance of truth rests on each  
face. There is refinement and  
culture. The mother tongue is  
spoken in all its purity. This  
ideal home is a Christian home.  
The Bible is read here and its  
precepts are lived. Books and  
papers are to be seen everywhere.  
The books are selected with care  
so that they may entertain and in-  
struct without corrupting the read-  
er. No profanity or slang is heard  
here. The cup that inebriates has  
never had a place in this home.  
The children honor their parents  
and the parents respect the rights  
of the children, and life is made as  
bright as possible for them. They  
are early taught to love the beau-  
tiful in art as well as in nature.  
Flowers and music help to refine  
and beautify their home. This  
family are taught to deal justly  
and they weigh their fellow man  
by what he is and not what he  
has. This "ideal home" is so at-  
tractive that the children are not  
tempted to spend their evenings  
on the street or in doubtful places  
of amusement.

DEAR EDITOR:—What do you  
say—"my idea of 'Home,'" in the  
space you indicate? A volume,  
and a large one, would be required  
to discuss the mere outlines of this  
subject. But you have given me  
some time to boil down my crude

and imperfect ideas on this theme.  
A great writer, you know, said on  
one occasion, "This is a very  
long letter, but positively I had  
not time to make it shorter."

"An Ideal Home," you say.  
Well, it must be where love abides,  
rock-rooted in confidence.

It must be where physical com-  
forts are not wanting, but where  
luxury and pretense have not  
usurped the places of peace and  
repose. There may be more joy  
in the hovel than in the palace;  
but you are asking for the "ideal"  
home, and such a home requires  
all the comforts.

There must be music, because  
music is the language of the soul  
when ordinary language fails.

There must be religion. I do  
not speak of creeds or doctrines or  
Bibles or prayer books. There  
must be a deep, reverential, God-  
fearing and God-trusting religion,  
which exemplifies the doctrine  
taught in the sermon on the mount,  
and the golden rule.

There should be calm, low  
voices and quiet manners. There  
should be children and books, and  
pictures and flowers. The silver  
hairs and tremulous voice of age  
should be there—the grandmother  
or grandfather, or both.

The well-bred guest should be  
there, and the way to the door  
should not be hedged against the  
poor, for he is "always with you."

With these crude suggestions  
accepted and applied, I should say  
with one whose literary shoes I  
am not worthy to unloose:

"Home it is where the day-stars spring,  
And where the evening sun reposes;  
Where'er the eagle spreads his wings  
From northern snows to southern  
roses."

In the ideal home the ruling  
principle will be love. Love to  
the Supreme Ruler of the universe  
and love for each member of the  
family. Here the golden rule  
will be followed in all intercourse  
of one with another. Perfect har-  
mony exists between parents in re-  
gard to the management of house-  
hold affairs and the training of the  
children. The same rules of cour-  
tesy will be observed that we ex-  
pect to find in society. In some  
respects, the parents sustain the  
same relation to children that  
officers of the law sustain to  
the people. Good citizen never  
disobey the laws, requiring the in-  
fliction of punishment, and were  
in all probability, reared in homes  
where the majesty of the law was  
inculcated without the aid of cor-  
poral punishment. In the "ideal  
home" children will be taught the  
principles of obedience and self-  
denial as soon as they can under-  
stand, although it requires "line  
upon line, and precept upon pre-  
cept." With the exercise of much  
patience, the model parent will  
gain the love and obedience of the  
child without harshness, or what  
some one has designated "physi-  
cal persuasion," and instead of  
trying to beat goodness into child-  
ren will make their natural ten-  
dencies and possibilities the sub-  
ject of earnest study; then by kind-  
ness and gentleness, so train these  
as to secure a harmonious develop-  
ment, physical, mental and moral;  
the normal activities will be di-  
rected into laudable channels and  
a desire created to do what is re-  
quired.

### Baby Hands

will get into mischief—often it means  
a burn or cut or scald. Apply Bal-  
lard's Snow Liniment just as soon as  
the accident happens, and the pain  
will be relieved while the wound will  
heal quickly and nicely. A sure cure  
for sprains, rheumatism and all pains.  
Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 a bottle.  
Sold by J. W. Owens, Protom, Mo.